

Institute of Geology and Oil and Gas Business named after K.Turyssov

Department of Petroleum Engineering

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

7M07202 «Petroleum Engineering»

Code and classification of the field of education: 7M07 «Engineering, Manufacturing and Civil engineering» Code and classification of training areas: 7M072 «Manufacturing and pricessing» Group of educational programs: M115 «Petroleum Engineering» Level on NQF: 7 Level on SQF: 7 Period of study: 2 Volume of the credits: 120

Educational program 7M07202 – «Petroleum Engineering» approved at the meeting of the Academic Council of KazNRTU named after K.I.Satpayev.

Protocol no. 3_ from 20<u>11</u> y. "<u>17</u>" <u>10</u>.

Reviewed and recommended for approval at a meeting of the Educational and Methodological Council of KazNRTU named after K.I.Satpayev.

Protocol no. 1 from 2012 y. "11" 10.

Educational program 7M07202 - «Petroleum Engineering» eveloped by the academic committee in the direction of 7M072 – «Manufacturing and pricessing»

Full name	Academic degree/ academic title	Position, course	Place of work, contact.	Note
Chairperson of Academ	ic Committee:	14		
Yeligbaeva Gulzhakhan	Doctor of Chemical Sciences, Professor	Head of the Department	NCJS «Kazakh National Research Technical University named after K.I.Satbayev»	G6.F
Teaching staff:				
Abdeli Dairabay	Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor	Professor	NCJS «Kazakh National Research Technical University named after K.I.Satbayev»	Are
Gulnaz a Moldabayeva	Doctor of Technical Sciences, prof.	Professor	NCJS «Kazakh National Research Technical University named after K.I.Satbayev»	Sh
Baymukhametov Murat	Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, docent	Associate Professor	NCJS «Kazakh National Research Technical University named after K.I.Satbayev»	Æ
Moldabekov Murat	PhD	Associate Professor	NCJS «Kazakh National Research	Alung

1			Technical University named after K.I.Satbayev»
Smashov Nurlan	Candidate of Technical Sciences, docent	Associate Professor	NCJS «Kazakh National Research Technical University named after K.I.Satbayev»
Imansakipova Nurgul	PhD	Senior Lecturer	NCJS «Kazakh National Research Technical University named after K.I.Satbayev»
Yskak Ardak	PhD	Senior Lecturer	NCJS «Kazakh National Research Technical University named after K.I.Satbayev»
Employers:			
Nysangaliyev Amangali	Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor, Academician of the National Engineering Academy of the Republic of Kazakhstan	Director of the Center for Ground Design	JSC «Kazakh Institute of Oil and Gas»
Bekbauov Bakbergen	PhD	Leading Researcher, Modeling Service	«KMG Engineering» LLP
Nurkas Zhasulan		Director	LLP «Manul» flat
Students:			.()
Pokhiluk Marina	Master in the educational program 7M07202 – "Petroleum Engineering"	2nd year	NCJS «Kazakh National Research Technical University named after K.I.Satbayev»

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1. Description of the educational program

The educational program 7M07202 «Petroleum Engineering» is aimed at training masters who are able to independently solve a wide range of engineering tasks in the field of the oil and gas industry and conduct scientific and pedagogical activities.

The educational program is designed to train specialists in the field of development and operation of oil and gas fields, well drilling, transportation and storage of hydrocarbons.

The curriculum of the 7M07202 «Petroleum Engineering» educational program has been developed taking into account the curricula of the master's degree program of famous research and engineering universities of the world, such as Colorado Schools of Mines, University of Lorraine. The curriculum is fully consistent with current trends in the development of science and technology used in the modern oil and gas industry.

Undergraduates practice in such companies as «Kazmunaygas» JSC, «KMG Engineering» LLP, «QazaqGaz» NC JSC, «Volkovgeologiya» JSC, «SNPS - Ai Dan Munai» JSC, «Kazakh Institute of Oil and Gas» JSC. Under the academic mobility program, undergraduates have the opportunity to complete internships at leading engineering universities in the world.

At all levels of training, teaching is conducted by highly qualified teaching staff, including graduates of universities around the world and the Bolashak program.

Graduates can choose a different career path. They can start working directly as practicing engineers in industry, or they can continue their doctoral studies in petroleum engineering.

The Master's degree program «Petroleum Engineering» is the second level of qualification of the three-level higher education system, it lays the foundation for doctoral programs. The educational program 7M07202 «Petroleum Engineering» was reviewed at a meeting of the Educational and Methodological Council of KazNRTU named after K.I. Satbayev and approved at a meeting of the Academic Council of KazNRTU named after K.I. Satbayev.

2. The purpose and objectives of the educational program

Purpose of the EP: Training of highly qualified specialists in the oil and gas industry with modern scientific, pedagogical and entrepreneurial skills and competencies capable of professionally solving problems at all stages of project implementation in oil and gas organizations in accordance with the needs of developing manufacturing enterprises.

Objectives of the EP: Training of highly qualified competent specialists in the oil, gas and transport sectors of the economy of the Republic of Kazakhstan, capable of quickly adapting to rapidly changing socio-economic conditions. The objectives of the preparation for the program are to master the basic educational

programs of the master's program, which includes the study of the following educational cycles:

- general scientific cycle;
- professional cycle; and sections:
- practice and research work;
- final state certification.

Each educational cycle has a basic (compulsory) part and a variable (profile) part set by the university. The variable (profile) part makes it possible to expand and (or) deepen knowledge, skills, skills and competencies determined by the content of the basic (compulsory) disciplines, allows students to acquire in-depth knowledge and skills for successful professional activity and (or) continuing professional education in doctoral studies.

The term for mastering the Oil Engineering OP is 2 years.

3. Requirements for the evaluation of learning outcomes of the educational program

1. apply knowledge of oil and gas engineering and skills of critical analysis, evaluation and synthesis of new ideas in professional activities

2. apply qualitative and quantitative methods of analysis, collect, integrate and interpret data according to oil and gas industry standards

3. demonstrate a steady desire for continuous improvement of their professional knowledge and self-development

4. conduct independent research based on their own skills and abilities to obtain scientific results that contribute to the development of the oil and gas industry

5. have a developed ability to conduct professional written and oral communication with all stakeholders in the oil and gas industry

6. have a developed ability to conduct professional written and oral communication with all stakeholders in the oil and gas industry

4. Passport of the educational program

№	Field name	Note
1	Code and classification of the field of	7M07 «Engineering, Manufacturing and Civil engineering»
	education:	
2	Code and classification of training	7M072 «Manufacturing and pricessing»
	areas:	
3	Group of educational programs:	M115 «Petroleum Engineering»
4	Name of the educational program	7M07202 «Petroleum Engineering»
5	Brief description of the educational	The educational program "Petroleum Engineering" is
	program	devoted to the formation of a knowledge base on the
		methodology of building concepts, strategies, functional
		models of activity and interaction, ways of setting and

4.1. General information

	Purpose of the EP	systematically solving tasks and problems in monitoring and managing natural and man-made systems during extraction from the subsoil and transportation of hydrocarbons (oil, associated and natural gas) and other components. It instills management skills, which involves the creation of a strategy for the functioning and development of structures in the oil and gas industry. The subjects of professional activity of the OP are deposits and enterprises engaged in the development and operation of oil and gas fields. Training of highly qualified specialists in the oil and gas industry with modern scientific, pedagogical and entrepreneurial skills and competencies capable of professionally solving problems at all stages of project implementation in oil and gas organizations in accordance with the needs of developing manufacturing enterprises.
7	EP type	New EP
-	Level on NQF	7
-	Level on SQF	7
	Distinctive features of the EP	no
11	List of competencies of the educational program:	e 1.Apply modern knowledge of geology and exploration of MPI in your professional and academic career, design
		 exploration work and provide guidance 2. Apply appropriate analysis methods, both qualitative and quantitative, collect and integrate information in the best way and according to the standards of the geological and mining industry. 3. Demonstrate the skills of teaching in the bachelor's degree program, working with students, and leading them. 4. Conduct independent original research that contributes to the development of geological science and the industry, according to the best practices and standards of the industry. 5. Have communication skills, speak both written and oral language in Russian, Kazakh and foreign languages, professionally and ethically. 6. Have professional knowledge in the field of geological disciplines that contribute to the formation of a highly educated person with a broad outlook and culture; be able to combine theory and practice to solve geological problems
12	Learning outcomes of the educational program:	 conduct independent research based on their own skills and abilities to obtain scientific results that contribute to the development of the oil and gas industry 2. have a developed ability to conduct professional written and oral communication with all stakeholders in the oil and gas industry

	3. demonstrate a steady desire for continuous improvement of their professional knowledge and self-							
	development							
	4. apply knowledge of oil and gas engineering and							
	skills of critical analysis, evaluation and synthesis of							
	new ideas in professional activities							
	5. have the ability to demonstrate high professional							
	qualities and ethics while performing production and/or							
	scientific tasks of the oil and gas industry							
	6. apply qualitative and quantitative methods of							
	analysis, collect, integrate and interpret data according							
	to oil and gas industry standards							
13 Form of training	Full-time							
14 Period of study	2							
15 Volume of the credits	120							
16 Language of education	Kazakh, Russian							
17 Degree to be conferred	Master of Technical Sciences							
18 Developer and author:	Yeligbayeva Gulzhakhan							

4.2. The relationship between the achievability of the formed learning outcomes according to the educational program and academic disciplines

№	Name of the discipline	Brief description of the discipline	Number of credits	PO1	PO 2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
		Cycle of general educatio	-						
		Required compo							
		Cycle of basic disci							
		University compo	nent			-			
1	Foreign language (professional)	The course is designed for undergraduates of technical specialties to improve and develop foreign language communication skills in professional and academic fields. The course introduces students to the general principles of professional and academic intercultural oral and written communication using modern pedagogical technologies.	5		v	V			
2	History and philosophy of science	The subject of philosophy of science, dynamics of science, specifics of science, science and pre-science, antiquity and the formation of theoretical science, the main stages of the historical development of science, features of classical science, non- classical and post-non-classical science, philosophy of mathematics, physics, engineering and technology, specifics of engineering sciences, ethics of science, social and moral responsibility of a scientist and engineer.	3		v	v			
3	Higher school pedagogy	Undergraduates will master the methodological and theoretical foundations	3		v	v		v	

						1	-	1	1
		of higher school pedagogy, plan and							
		organize the processes of teaching and							
		upbringing, master the communicative							
		technologies of subject-subject interaction							
		between a teacher and a master in the							
		educational process of a university.							
4	Psychology of management	The discipline studies the modern role and	3		v	v		v	
		content of psychological aspects in	-						
		managerial activity. The improvement of							
		the psychological literacy of the student in							
		the process of implementing professional							
		activities is considered. Self-improvement							
		in the field of psychology and studying the							
		composition and structure of management							
		activities, both at the local level and abroad.							
		The psychological feature of modern							
		managers is considered.							
			nlines						
		Cycle of basic disci	pines						
		Component of ch	oice						
1	Enhanced oil recovery	This course aims to provide such an	5	v			v		
1		understanding. It presents the subject	5	v			v		
		material with a clear focus on: developing							
		and producing the reservoir efficiently							
		within its complexity constraints,							
		harnessing energies available within the							
		e							
		reservoir-aquifer-injection system,							
		realizing technical benefits and application							
		limitations of the various EOR methods,							
		and selecting the optimum time window.							
		This course covers the recovery							
1		improvement possibilities that present				1		1	
1		themselves at all stages in the reservoir life							

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		cycle. It thereby enables one to timely select					
		the most beneficial method and set realistic					
		expectations on production behavior					
		changes and recovery improvement.					
2	Principles of designing oil and	The course focuses on six areas: 1) terminal	5			V	V
	gas storages	codes and siting constraints, 2) terminal					
		design and equipment layout, 3) types of					
		storage and selection criteria, 4) design					
		considerations for loading racks, fire					
		protection, vapor recovery, blending					
		equipment, and water treatment, 5) detailed					
		design of storage tanks, vessels, and					
		caverns, and 6) operations and					
		maintenance. Safety, quality control,					
		system reliability, availability, and					
		regulatory compliance are integrated					
		throughout the course. Case studies and					
		team exercises are used to reinforce key					
		points.					
3	Principles of Reservoir	The purpose of this course is to study the	5		v		v
	engineering	basic concepts underlying the development					
		of oil and gas fields, the application of the					
		material balance method in the					
		development of oil and gas fields, deposit					
		development modes for use in the material					
		balance equation, to reveal the concept of					
		water inflow into the deposit, to perform					
		calculations to predict the production of oil					
		and gas fields, to predict reservoir pressure					
		and production of oil and gas wells. Course					
		content: Basic concepts underlying the					
		development of oil and gas fields,					
		Calculation of initial hydrocarbon reserves.					
		Changes in pressure and temperature in the					

		deposits by depth, Natural oil displacement regimes, the material balance of saturated and unsaturated oils. The parameters of the well are considered according to hydrodynamic studies, determination of PVT properties of reservoir fluids and rocks, analysis of the results of oil field development, calculations of water inflow into the reservoir, forecasting of oil production during flooding, etc.			
4	Principles of drilling technology	The purpose of this course is to study the main technological processes and technical means used for drilling wells, in the search, exploration and exploitation of deposits of liquid and solid minerals. Course content: sections:1. Overview of well drilling methods. 2. Rock-breaking tool and drill string. 3. Drilling modes, bit selection and patterns of its operation. 4. The choice of drilling method and downhole motors. 5. Drilling of directional wells, modern drilling technologies. 6. Features of technologies and techniques for drilling wells at sea. The technologies and technical means of well construction, physical processes during the destruction of rocks, methods and parameters of well drilling modes, a tool for drilling wells according to a given profile are considered.	5	v	v
5	Principles of production engineering	The purpose of this course is to study multiphase and multicomponent flow in a porous medium, changes in the	5	v	V

		permeability of the bottom-hole zone of the formation, the causes of contamination of the bottom-hole zone of the well from the point of view of drilling, completion and production, methods of prevention and cleaning. Course content: sections: 1. Features of fluid motion in porous media. 2. Calculation of the main filtration resistance. 3. Calculation of additional filtration resistance. 4. Features of completion of horizontal wells. 5. Quality control of capital repairs and monitoring of technological impacts on the bottom-hole zone. The data and specific methods necessary to solve the main problems of contamination of the bottom-hole zone of the well from the point of view of drilling, completion and production, prevention and cleaning are considered				
6	Advanced Petrophysics	ElecApplication of rock mechanics and rock properties to reservoir engineering, well logging, well completion and well stimulation. Topics covered include: capillary pressure, relative permeability, velocity effects on Darcy's Law, elastic/mechanical rock properties, subsidence, reservoir compaction, and sand control.	5	V	V	
7	Advanced Reservoir Engineering	At the end of the Advanced Course participants will have a deeper knowledge	5	v	v	

		of modern reservoir engineering principles and practices for reservoir development and production, including the estimation of oil and gas reserves. They will also have an awareness of the construction and use of reservoir models. A broad spectrum of modern practical reservoir engineering methods are addressed. Extensive use is made of practical and actual field problems				
8	Advanced Thermodynamics and Phase Behavior of Reservoir Fluids	to illustrate relevant subjects.	5	v	v	
9	Advanced Production Engineering	deposition, and statistical thermodynamics. Application of petroleum engineering tools, methods and techniques to solve real problems that petroleum engineers encounter in producing individual wells; focus primarily on problems associated with single-phase gas wells and uses Microsoft Excel to solve many of these problems.	5	v	v	
		Cycle of profile disc	iplines			

	University compo	nent					
Research seminar for petroleum graduates	The purpose of this course is to study the general methodology of scientific research, methods of performing theoretical and experimental research and development work in the oil and gas industry. Course content: sections: 1. The main directions of development of oil and gas engineering. 2. General methodology of scientific research, as well as methods of performing theoretical and experimental research and development work in the oil and gas industry. 3. Analysis, synthesis and design of effective technological processes for drilling wells, development and operation of oil and gas fields and transportation of oil and gas, as well as calculations of economic benefits and costs of applying the results of scientific and industrial property, preparation of an application for a patent of an invention and utility model, registration of the results of scientific work, as well as the basics of effective business communication in business. The relations of oil and gas engineering with the oil and gas industry, the stages of research and	nent	V	V	V		
	development work, as well as methods of developing scientific recommendations for the creation of new technology and equipment are considered.						

2	Basic Statistics for Petroleum Engineers	Course covers probability theory and its applications in petroleum engineering and sciences; probability distributions; parameter estimation; hypothesis testing; linear regression; spatial correlations and geostatistics.	5		v	V		v
3	Basic Coding for Petroleum Engineering	The purpose of the course is to form knowledge of the basics of programming, mathematical and numerical modeling of hydrodynamic and thermal processes among students of the profession of an oil engineer. Course content. Sections: 1. Arrays. Working with strings. Conditional operator and multiple choice operator. Operators for organizing loops. Prefix and postfix iteration. Operations, expressions, and operators. Assignment operator. Arithmetic operators. Comparison operators and logical operators. The order of actions (priority of operators). 2. Software implementation of algorithms for numerical solution of equations of thermal conductivity (or pressure distribution), transport and basic differential equations of flows in porous media.	5			v	v	
4	Theory of motion of gas-liquid mixtures	The purpose of this course is to study the distinctive features of gas-liquid mixtures, structures and forms of movement of gas- liquid mixtures, criteria for the allocation of structures and forms of gas-liquid flows, energy balance in the well. Course content: sections: 1. Investigation of the constrained movement of gas bubbles in a stationary	5	v				v

		liquid. 2. Structures, forms of movement of gas-liquid mixtures and criteria for their isolation. 3. The physical essence of the liquid lifting process. 4. Equation of motion of the mixture in long lifts. Methods are considered that allow analyzing, synthesizing and designing the operation of ideal and semi-ideal lifts; the operation of the lift in various modes, as well as calculating costs.					
5	Pedagogical practice	Application in the educational process of modern scientific knowledge of the discipline, the use of innovative technologies in the organization of the educational process. Creating the conditions to achieve professional competence in accordance with the requirements of the standard in the direction of training. Preparation for teaching activities in the mining, metallurgical and oil and gas production. Creation of scientific and pedagogical educational programs related to modern tasks of mining, metallurgical and oil and gas production, for use in scientific and scientific and technical universities and educational institute	6	v	V	v	
6	Research practice	The research practice of the undergraduate is conducted in order to familiarize himself with the latest theoretical, methodological and technological achievements of domestic and foreign science, modern methods of scientific research, processing and interpretation of experimental data.	8	v	v	v	

		Cycle of profile discipli				
		Component of choic	e			
1	Geosteering in drilling	The course covers the fundamentals of telemetry, measurement and logging while drilling and directional drilling technologies, criteria for selecting the minimum required logging dataset before performing geosteering, errors and uncertainties when drilling horizontal wells associated with both geology and limitations of telemetry and logging tools, as well as methods for calculating the well trajectory, modern methods of geosteering, basics of interpretation of azimuthal logs, modeling of various geosteering scenarios before drilling commences in order to manage risks, geosteering in real time on- the-job.	5	V		V
2	Methods to improve the efficiency of oil and gas pipelines	During the course of the discipline, undergraduates will get acquainted with the methods of improving the efficiency of gas and oil pipelines, such as proper hydraulic calculation when using gas and oil pipelines, cleaning the inner cavity of the pipeline, calculation of the bearing capacity of the gas and oil pipeline. The discipline examines the main issues of pipeline transport of liquid and gaseous hydrocarbons, provides a classification of pipelines and its main facilities, the essence of technological processes associated with pumping oil and gas through trunk pipelines, as well as the sequence of	5	V		V

		technological calculations of trunk pipelines.During the course of the discipline, undergraduates will get acquainted with the methods of improving the efficiency of gas and oil pipelines, such as proper hydraulic calculation when using gas and oil pipelines, cleaning the inner cavity of the pipeline, calculation of the bearing capacity of the gas and oil pipeline.					
3	Petroleum Reservoir Simulation: Black -oil model	The aim of the course is to form students' knowledge of the basics of mathematical and numerical modeling of single-phase, two-phase, three-phase and composite hydrodynamic processes of chemical flooding in oil deposits. Course content. Sections: 1. Methods of numerical implementation of partial differential equations of mathematical models of filtration of liquids in a porous medium; 2. Methods of setting initial and boundary conditions for modeling; 3. Algorithm for numerical solution of basic differential equations of filtration of non-volatile oil; 4. Creation of computer programs for calculating filtration flows; 5. Fundamentals of modeling of single- phase, two-phase and three-phase currents in a porous medium.	5		V	v	
4	Petroleum Reservoir Simulation: Compositional model	This course examines numerical modeling of an oil and gas reservoir using state equations such as Peng-Robinson, Redlich- Kwong, and multi-component flow equations for secondary and tertiary oil and gas production. Topics include: viscosity	5		v	v	

		and density models, relative permeability					
		graphs, capillary pressure, and examples of					
		gas and chemical injection for enhanced oil					
~		recovery.	~				
5	Design of pumping and	This course gives an overview of the	5		v	v	v
	compressor stations	purpose of pumping and compressor					
		stations on the main pipeline, determining					
		the main technical indicators of pumping					
		and compressor units, regulating the					
		operating mode of pumping and					
		compressor units in different situations.					
		The skills of regulating the operating mode					
		of pumps and compressors, taking into					
		account their characteristics, control and					
		operation of main and supplier equipment					
		are considered.					
6	Applied Well Testing	This discipline covers the basic concepts of	5	v		v	
		well test analysis, analytical and graphical					
		methods for interpreting well test data. In					
		addition, this course considers type curve					
		analysis, nodal analysis, and fracture wells.					
7	Research seminar for petroleum	Methods of inflow intensification as a	5	v		v	
	graduates	means of obtaining cost-effective oil and					
		gas flows in low-permeability reservoirs.					
		Groups of methods for improving the					
		permeability of the bottomhole formation					
		zone. Methods of impact on the formation;					
		acid treatment. preliminary tests;					
		equipment for acid treatment; processing					
		techniques; step-by-step acid treatment.					
		Inhibitors. Activating additives.					
		Demulsifiers. Silicate control; Hot acid;					
		Cleaning solutions; Hydraulic fracturing.					
		Cracks and their structure; Hydraulic					

		fracturing equipment; Hydraulic fracturing				
		technology and materials; Other methods of				
		reservoir excitation. Torpedoing; Linear				
		charge explosion; Re-perforation; Abrasive				
		blasting; Paraffin removal; Large-scale				
		injection treatment; Enhanced oil recovery.				
		Flooding; Reservoir geometry; Porosity;				
		Permeability; Uniformity of reservoir rock				
		stratification; Magnitude and distribution of				
		fluid saturation; Fluid properties and				
		associated permeability ratios; Water				
		sources; Location of wells during flooding;				
		Water treatment; Residual oil after				
0		flooding.				
8	Advanced Drilling Fluids	This course covers advanced knowledge of	5	v		v
		the functions and properties of drilling				
		fluids on various bases and reservoir drill-				
		in fluids, as well as circulation loss and				
		sticking problems and their solutions, well				
		cleaning, hydraulic calculations,				
		measurements of mud properties in the				
		laboratory and in the real time on the rigs.				
		In addition, the course will enable trainees				
		to design, control and adjust mud				
		parameters to achieve drilling goals in a				
		safe and efficient manner.				
9	Advanced Production	This course covers inflow performance	5	V		v
	Engineering	relationships (IPR) and multiphase pipe				
		flow and constraints analysis using flow				
		correlations. Prediction of the flow				
		structure for vertical, horizontal, and				
		inclined pipes is considered. Analysis and				
		optimization of all oil production systems				
		using conventional and nodal analysis.				

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Advanced well completion		5	v				v
	· ·						
	*						
	<u>^</u>						
	5. Complications during well completion.						
	Well completion technologies, well						
	completion methods, as well as well						
	completion complications and ways to						
	correct them are considered.						
Advanced Rock Mechanics	This module expands on existing	5		v			v
	knowledge in the field of rock mechanics,						
	in particular with regard to the systematic						
	design of excavation work and support						
	systems in rock formations. It examines the						
	strength and stress variability of rock mass						
	at different scales and describes methods						
	that engineers can use for long term						
	planning and risk mitigation during drilling,						
	production and reservoir engineering.						
Advanced Gas Engineering	The purpose of this course is the practical	5		v			v
	use of basic methods for determining the						
	basic properties of natural gas, processing						
	•						
	of well operation; performing experiments						
	Advanced well completion Advanced Rock Mechanics Advanced Gas Engineering	Advanced Rock Mechanicstechniques tangenttechnologies used in the final stage of well construction and familiarization with possible complications during well completion and ways to prevent complications. Course content: sections: 1. Preparation of wells completed by drilling for operation. 2. Opening of layers of various rocks. 3. Fixation of the bottomhole zone and development of the well. 4. The final stage of well construction. 5. Complications during well completion. Well completion technologies, well completion complications and ways to correct them are considered.Advanced Rock MechanicsThis module expands on existing knowledge in the field of rock mechanics, in particular with regard to the systematic design of excavation work and support systems in rock formations.Advanced Gas EngineeringThe purpose of this course is the practical use of basic methods for determining the basic properties of studies of gas wells, calculations of technological modes of operation of gas wells, calculation of the main parameters	techniques and technologies used in the final stage of well construction and familiarization with possible complications during well completion and ways to prevent complications. Course content: sections: 1. Preparation of wells completed by drilling for operation. 2. Opening of layers of various rocks. 3. Fixation of the bottomhole zone and development of the well. 4. The final stage of well construction. 5. Complications during well completion. Well completion technologies, well completion methods, as well as well completion complications and ways to correct them are considered.Advanced Rock MechanicsThis module expands on existing knowledge in the field of rock mechanics, in particular with regard to the systematic design of excavation work and support systems in rock formations. It examines the strength and stress variability of rock mass at different scales and describes methods that engineers can use for long term planning and risk mitigation during drilling, production and reservoir engineering.5Advanced Gas EngineeringThe purpose of this course is the practical use of basic methods for determining the basic properties of natural gas, processing the results of studies of gas wells, calculations of gas wells, calculation of gas reserves, calculation of the main parameters	Advanced Rock MechanicsThis module expands on existing knowledge in the field of rock mass at different scales and describes methods that engineering5Advanced Gas EngineeringThe purpose of this course is the practical us of basic properties of natural gas, processing the results of studies of gas wells, calculations of the calculation of the specified mathematical states of gas wells, calculation of the strength of the results of studies of gas wells, calculation of the specified mathematical strength of the strength and stress variability of rock mass at different scales and describes methods that engineering5Advanced Gas EngineeringThe support of the strength of gas wells, calculations of the strength of gas wells, calculation of the main parameters5	Advanced Rock Mechanics This module expands on existing knowledge in the field of rock mechanics, in particular with regard to the systematic design of excavation work and support systems in rock formations. It examines the systematic design of excavation during will completion set to systematic design of excavation during will complete to the systematic design of excavation during will complete to the systematic design of excavation during will complete to the systematic design of excavation during will complete to the systematic design of excavation during will completion. Advanced Gas Engineering The puppose of this course is the practical set to system the results of studies of gas wells, calculation of the main parameters	Advanced Rock Mechanics This module expands on existing knowledge in the final stage of wells on struction. 5 v Advanced Gas Engineering The purpose of this course is the practical use of basic methods for determining the basic properties of studies of gas wells, calculation of the main parameters	Advanced Rock Mechanics This module expands on existing knowledge in the field of rock mechanics, in particular with regard to the systematic design of excavation work and support systems in rock formations. The senting the strength and stress variability of rock mass at different scales and describes methods that engineers calculation of the sproperties of natural gas, processing the results of studies of description. v Advanced Gas Engineering The purpose of this course is the practical series. 5 v Advanced Gas Engineering The purpose of this course is the practical series. 5 v Advanced Gas Engineering The sufficient of studies of gas wells, calculation of gas wells, calculation of the calculation of the calculation of the calculation of the systematic design of the calculation of the systematical series and series series is the strength and stress variability of rock mass at different scales and describes methods at the systematical series and the systematical series and the systematical series and the systematical series and series series is the strength and reservoir engineering. 5 v

		on the study of wells. Course content: The study of gas wells, the principles of designing the development of gas fields, Complications during the operation of gas and gas condensate wells, Ways to increase the productivity of wells, Purposes and types of underground gas storage. The types of designing the development of gas and gas condensate fields, the processing of well research data, the choice of a rational option for the development of deposits, the selection of equipment and the establishment of the optimal mode of operation of wells taking into account complicating factors, the choice of methods of influencing the bottom-hole zone of wells, the selection of equipment and pipelines in the collection and preparation processes are considered			
13	Project Management	The discipline studies the components of project management based on modern behavioral models of project-oriented business development management. The program is based on the international standards PMI PMBOK, IPMA ICB and the standards of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the field of project management. The features of organizational management of business development through the interaction of strategic, project and operational management are studied.	5	v	V

14	Well construction and workover	Well construction and workover	5	v	v	v	
	supervising	supervising This course will allow students					
		to acquire knowledge and skills in the field					
		of technological control and management					
		of construction processes, maintenance and					
		workover of oil and gas wells (supervising)					
		in accordance with the technical design and					
		work programs.					

KAZAKII NATIONAL RESEARCH TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY named after KLSATP

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CURRICULUM of Educational Program on enrollment for 2023-2024 academic yea

Educational program 7M07202 - "Petroleum engineering" Group of educational programs M115 - "Petroleum engineering"

	Form of study: full-time Name of disciplines	Cycle	of study: 2 ye Total	Total	Classroom	SIS	Academic de Form of	aree: master	of technical	I sciences	hand on
Discipline	wante of disciplines	Cycle	amount in	hours	amount	515 (including	control		ourse		based on
code			credits	nours	lec/lab/pr	TSIS) in	control	1 semester		3 semester	4 semes
		101 0 00				hours					
			BASIC DIS	and spectrum statements							
NG210	English (professional)				ity componen						
UM214		BD UC	5	150	0/0/3	105	E	5			
	Management Psychology	BD UC	3	90	1/0/1	60	E		3		
UM212 UM213	History and philosophy of science	BD UC	. 3	90	1/0/1	60	E		3		
UM213	Higher school pedagogy	BD UC	3	90	1/0/1	60	E	3			
		troleum E	igineering l		aining Modul						
PET228 PET232	Advanced Petrophysics			150	2/0/1	105					
	Advanced Production Engineering	BD CCH	5	150	2/0/1	105	Е	5			L
PET213	Enhanced oil recovery			150	2/0/1	105					- F
PET230	Advanced Thermodynamics and Phase Behavior of Reservoir Fluids	BD CCH	5	150	2.0-1	105					
PET247	Principles of designing oil and gas storages	BUCCH	,	150	2/0/1	105	E	5			
PET226	Principles of Reservoir engineering			150	2/0/1	105					
PET229	Advanced Reservoir Engineering			150	2/0/1	105					
PET267	Principles of production engineering	BD CCH	5	150	2/0/1	105	E			5	
PET246	Principles of drilling technology			150	2/0/1	105					
		LE OF P	ROFILE D			105					
					Activity Mo	dule					
PET266	Theory of motion of gas-liquid mixtures	PD.UC	5	150	2/0/1	105	Е	5			
PET263	Research seminar for petroleum graduates	PDUC	5	150	2/0/1	105	E	5			
PET268	Basic Coding for Petroleum Engineers	PD UC	5	150	2/0/1	105	E		5		
PET270	Advanced well completion	PD 0C		150	2/0/1	105	Е				
PET206	Applied Well Testing	PD CCH	5	150	2/0/1	105	E		5		
PET269	Well construction and workover supervising										
MNG705	Project Management	PD CCH	5	150	2/0/1	105					
		PDCCH	2	150	2/0/1	105	Е		5		
PET260 PET261	Advanced Rock Mechanics Basic Statistics for Petroleum			150	2/0/1	105					
		PD UC	5	150	2/0/1	105	E			5	
PET222	Advanced Production Engineering			150	2/0/1	105					
PET216	Petroleum Reservoir Simulation: Black-Oil Model	PD CCH	5	150	2/0/1	105	E			5	
PET265	Methods to improve the efficiency of oil and gas pipelines			150	2/0/1	105					
PET264	Applied well stimulation			150	2/0/1	105				× .	
PET 240	Geosteering in drilling	PD CCH	5	150	2/1/0	105	E .			5	
PET231	Advanced Gas Engineering			150	2/0/1	105					
PET211	Petroleum Reservoir Simulation: Compositional model			150	2/0/1	105					
PET248	Advanced Drilling Fluids	PD CCH	5	150	2/0/1	105	Е			5	
PET224	Design of pumping and compressor stations			150	2/1/0	105					
			actice-orier	nted mod	ule						
	Pedagogical practice	BD UC	6						6		
AAP269	Research practice	PD UC	8								8
		M-5. Expe	rimental re	search m	odule						
AAP251	Research work of a master's student, including internship and completion of a master's thesis	RWMS- UC	2					2			
AAP241	Research work of a master's student, including internship and completion of a master's thesis	RWMS UC	3						3		
\AP254	Research work of a master's tucient, including internship and completion of a master's thesis	RWMS	5							5	
AP255	Research work of a master's student, including internship and completion of a master's thesis	RWMS UC	14								14
		M-6. M	dule of fina	attesta	tion						
A212	Preparation and defense of a master's thesis	FA	8								8
- Maila											

	Number of credits for the entire period of study				
	Cycles of disciplines		(Credits	
Cycle code			university component (UC)	component of choice (CCH)	Total
BD	Cycle of basic disciplines		20	15	35
PD	Cycle of profile disciplines		28	25	53
	Total for theoretical training:	0	-48	40	88
	RWMS				24
FA	Final attestation	8			8
	TOTAL:	8	-48	40	120

Decision of the Academic Council of Kazntu named after K.Satpayev. Protocol № 3 27.10.2022y.

Decision of the Educational and Methodological Council of Kazntu named after K.Satpayev. Protocol № 2 21.10, 2022 y.

Decision of the Academic Council of the Institute. Protocol NL or "1/1 " 10 20 2.7

Vice-Rector for Academic Affairs

Institute Director

Department Head

Specialty Council from employers

B.A.Zhautikov A.Kh.Syzdykov G.Zh.Yeligbayeva A.N.Nysangaliyev

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